July 1, 2008

To,

All Category – I Authorised Dealer Banks

Madam / Sir,

Master Circular on Import of Goods and Services

Import of Goods and Services into India is being allowed in terms of Section 5 of the Foreign Exchange Management Act 1999 (42 of 1999), read with Notification No. GSR 381(E) dated May 3, 2000 as amended from time to time.

2. The circular is organised into five parts as under:

Part I: Introduction

Part II: General guidelines for imports.

Part III: Operational guidelines for imports.

Part IV: Annex (notifications and the forms for imports)

Part V: List of all circulars consolidated in the Master Circular.

3. This Master Circular is being issued with a sunset clause of one year. This circular will stand withdrawn on July 1, 2009 and be replaced by an updated Master Circular on the subject.

Yours faithfully,

(Salim Gangadharan) Chief General Manager-in-Charge

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PART I

Introduction

- (1) Import trade is regulated by the Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT) under the Ministry of Commerce & Industry, Department of Commerce, Government of India. Authorised Dealer Category I (AD Category I) banks should ensure that the imports into India are in conformity with the Foreign Trade Policy in force and Foreign Exchange Management (Current Account Transactions) Rules, 2000 framed by Government of India vide Notification No. G.S.R.381 (E) dated May 3, 2000 and the Directions issued by Reserve Bank under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 from time to time.
- (2) AD Category I banks should follow normal banking procedures and adhere to the provisions of Uniform Customs and Practices for Documentary Credits (UCPDC), etc. while opening letters of credit for import into India on behalf of their constituents.
- (3) Compliance with the provisions of Research & Development Cess Act, 1986 may be ensured for import of drawings and designs.
- (4) AD Category I banks may also advise importers to ensure compliance with the provisions of Income Tax Act, wherever applicable.

Part II

General guidelines for imports

1. General Guidelines

Rules and regulations from the foreign exchange angle to be followed by the AD Category – I banks while undertaking import payment transactions on behalf of their clients are set out in the following paragraphs. Where specific regulations do not exist, AD Category – I banks may be governed by normal trade practices. AD Category – I banks may particularly note to adhere to "Know Your Customer" (KYC) guidelines issued by Reserve Bank (Department of Banking Operations &

	Development) in all their dealings.						
2. Form A-1	Applications by persons, firms and companies for making						
	payments, exceeding USD 500 or its equivalent, towards						
	imports into India must be made in Form A-1.						
	·						
3. Import Licenses	Except for goods included in the negative list which require						
	licence under the Foreign Trade Policy in force, AD Category - I						
	banks may freely open letters of credit and allow remittances						
	import. While opening letters of credit, the 'For Exchange						
	Control purposes' copy of the licence should be called for and						
	special conditions, if any, attached to such licences should be						
	adhered to. After effecting remittances under the licence, AD						
	Category - I banks may preserve the copies till they are verified						
	by the internal auditors or inspectors.						
4. Obligation of	i) In terms of Section 10(6) of the Foreign Exchange						
Purchaser of	Management Act, 1999 (FEMA), any person acquiring foreign						
Foreign Exchange	exchange is permitted to use it either for the purpose mentioned						
	in the declaration made by him to an Authorised Dealer bank						
	under Section 10(5) of the Act or to use it for any other purpose						
	for which acquisition of foreign exchange is permissible under						
	the said Act, or Rules or Regulations framed there under.						
	ii) Where foreign exchange acquired has been utilised for import						
	of goods into India, the AD Category – I bank should ensure that						
	the importer furnishes evidence of import viz., Exchange Control						
	copy of the Bill of Entry, Postal Appraisal Form or Customs						
	Assessment Certificate, etc., and satisfy himself that goods						
	equivalent to the value of remittance have been imported.						
	iii) In addition to the permitted methods of payment for imports						
	laid down in Notification No.FEMA14/2000-RB dated 3rd May						
	2000, payment for import can also be made by way of credit to						
	non-resident account of the overseas exporter maintained with a						
	bank in India. In such cases also AD Category – I banks should						

	ensure compliance with the instructions contained in sub-							
	paragraphs (i) and (ii) above.							
	paragraphic (i) and (ii) accres							
5.	Time Limit for Settlement of Import Payments							
5 a. Time limit for	(i) In terms of the extant regulations, remittances against imports							
normal imports	should be completed not later than six months from the date of							
	shipment, except in cases where amounts are withheld towards							
	guarantee of performance, etc.							
	(ii) AD Category – I banks may permit settlement of import dues							
	delayed due to disputes, financial difficulties, etc. Interest in							
	respect of such delayed payments may be permitted in terms of							
	the directions in para 4 of Part III below.							
5 b. Time limit for	Deferred payment arrangements, including suppliers and buyers							
deferred payment	credit, providing for payments beyond a period of six months							
arrangements	from date of shipment up to a period of less than three years,							
	are treated as trade credits for which the procedural guidelines							
	laid down in the Master Circular for External Commercial							
	Borrowings and Trade Credits may be followed.							
5 c. Time limit for import of books	Remittances against import of books may be allowed without							
import of books	restriction as to time limit, provided, interest payment, if any, is							
	as per the instructions in para 4 of Part III below.							
6. Import of Foreign	(i) Except as otherwise provided in the Regulations, no person							
exchange / Indian	shall, without the general or special permission of the Reserve							
Rupees	Bank, import or bring into India, any foreign currency. Import of							
	foreign currency, including cheques, is governed by clause (g)							
	of sub-section (3) of Section 6 of the Foreign Exchange							
	Management Act, 1999, and the Foreign Exchange							
	Management (Export and Import of Currency) Regulations							
	2000, made by Reserve Bank vide Notification No. FEMA 6/RB-							
	2000 dated May 3, 2000 as amended from time to time.							
	(ii) Reserve Bank may allow a person to bring into India							
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currency notes of Government of India and / or of Reserve Bank subject to such terms and conditions as the Reserve Bank may stipulate. 6 a. Import of Indian (i) Any person resident in India who had gone out of India on a currency and temporary visit, may bring into India at the time of his return currency notes from any place outside India (other than from Nepal and Bhutan), currency notes of Government of India and Reserve Bank notes up to an amount not exceeding Rs.5,000/- per person. (ii) A person may bring into India from Nepal or Bhutan, currency notes of Government of India and Reserve Bank notes other than notes of denominations of above Rs.100 in either case. 6 b. Import of A person may – foreign exchange (i) send into India without limit foreign exchange in any form into India other than currency notes, bank notes and travelers cheques; (ii) bring into India from any place outside India, without limit foreign exchange (other than unissued notes), which shall be subject to the condition that such person makes, on arrival in India, a declaration to the Custom authorities in Currency Declaration Form (CDF) annexed to these Regulations; provided further that it shall not be necessary to make such declaration where the aggregate value of the foreign exchange in the form of currency notes, bank notes or travelers cheques brought in by such person at any one time does not exceed USD10,000 (US Dollars ten thousand) or its equivalent and/or the aggregate value of foreign currency notes brought in by such person at any one time does not exceed USD 5,000 (US

Dollars five thousand) or its be equivalent.

PART III	Operational Guidelines for Imports						
7	Advance Remittance						
1 Advance Remittance for	(i) AD Category – I bank may allow advance remittance for						
import of goods	import of goods without any ceiling subject to the following conditions:						
	a) If the amount of advance remittance exceeds USD 100,000						
	or its equivalent, an unconditional, irrevocable standby Letter of						
	Credit or a guarantee from an international bank of repo						
	situated outside India or a guarantee of an AD Category						
	bank in India, if such a guarantee is issued against the counter-						
	guarantee of an international bank of repute situated outside						
	India.						
	b) In cases where the importer (other than a Public Sector						
	Company or a Department/Undertaking of the Government of						
	India/State Governments) is unable to obtain bank guarantee						
	from overseas suppliers and the AD Category - I bank is						
	satisfied about the track record and bonafides of the importer						
	the requirement of the bank guarantee / standby Letter of Credit						
	may not be insisted upon for advance remittances up to USD						
	1,000,000 (US dollar one million). AD Category – I banks may						
	frame their own internal guidelines to deal with such cases as						
	per a suitable policy framed by the bank's Board of Directors.						
	c) A Public Sector Company or a Department/Undertaking of the						
	Government of India / State Government/s which is not in a						
	position to obtain a guarantee from an international bank of						
	repute against an advance payment, is required to obtain a						
	specific waiver for the bank guarantee from the Ministry of						
	Finance, Government of India before making advance						
	remittance exceeding USD 100, 000.						
	(ii) The wemittened is used directly to the same Property						
	(ii). The remittance is made directly to the supplier of						
	manufacturer of the goods and not to any third party or to a						

numbered account.

- (iii). Physical import of goods into India is made within six months (three years in case of capital goods) from the date of remittance and the importer gives an undertaking to furnish documentary evidence of import within fifteen days from the close of the relevant period.
- (iv). In the event of non-import of goods, AD bank should ensure that the amount of advance remittance is repatriated to India or is utilised for any other purposes for which release of exchange is permissible under the FEMA, Rules or Regulations made there under.

2. Advance Remittance for Import of Rough Diamonds

- (i) AD Category I bank are permitted to allow advance remittance without any limit and without bank guarantee or standby letter of credit, by an importer (other than a Public Sector Company or a Department / Undertaking of the Government of India / State Government/s), for import of rough diamonds into India from the under noted mining companies, viz.
- a) Diamond Trading Company Pvt. Ltd., UK,
- b) RIO TINTO, UK,
- c) BHP Billiton, Australia,
- d) ENDIAMA, E. P. Angola,
- e) ALROSA, Russia, and
- f) GOKHARAN, Russia.
- (ii) While allowing the advance remittance, AD bank may ensure the following:
- (a)The importer should be a recognized processor of rough diamonds as per a list to be approved by Gems and Jewellery Export Promotion Council (GJEPC) in this regard and should have a good track record of export realisation;

- (b) AD Category I bank should undertake the transaction based on their commercial judgment and after being satisfied about the bonafides of the transaction;
- (c) Advance payments should be made strictly as per the terms of the sale contract and should be made directly to the account of the company concerned, that is, to the ultimate beneficiary and not through numbered accounts or otherwise. Further, due caution may be exercised to ensure that remittance is not permitted for import of conflict diamonds;
- (d) KYC and due diligence exercise should be done by the AD Category I bank for the Indian importer entity and the overseas company; and
- (e) AD Category I bank should follow up submission of the Bill of Entry / documents evidencing import of rough diamonds into the country by the importer, in terms of FEMA / Rules / Regulations / Directions issued in this regard.
- (iii) In case of an importer entity in the Public Sector or a Department / Undertaking of the Government of India / State Government/s, AD Category I bank may permit advance remittance subject to the above conditions and a specific waiver of bank guarantee from the Ministry of Finance, Government of India where the advance payments is equivalent to or exceeds USD 100,000.
- (iv) AD Category I banks are required to submit a report (Annex-2) of all such advance remittances made without a bank guarantee or standby letter of credit, where the amount of advance payment is equivalent to or exceeds USD 5,000,000, to the Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Trade Division, Central Office, Amar Bhawan, Sir. P. M. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001, on a half yearly basis, as at the end of September and March every year, in the format annexed (Annex-2). The report should be submitted

within 15 days from the close of the respective half year.

3. Advance Remittance for Import of Aircrafts/Helicopters and other Aviation Related purchases

As a sector specific measure, airline companies which have been permitted by the Directorate General of Civil Aviation to operate as a schedule air transport service, can make advance remittance without bank guarantee, up to USD 50 million. Accordingly, AD Category — I banks may allow advance remittance, without obtaining a bank guarantee or an unconditional, irrevocable standby Letter of Credit, up to USD 50 million, for direct import of each aircraft, helicopter and other aviation related purchases. The remittances for the above transactions shall be subject to the following conditions:

- i). The AD Category I banks should undertake the transactions based on their commercial judgment and after being satisfied about the bonafide of the transactions. KYC and due diligence exercise should be done by the AD Category I banks for the Indian importer entity and the overseas manufacturer company as well.
- ii). Advance payments should be made strictly as per the terms of the sale contract and are made directly to the account of the manufacturer (supplier) concerned.
- iii). AD Category I bank may frame their own internal guidelines to deal with such cases, with the approval of their Board of Directors.
- iv). In the case of a Public Sector Company or a Department / Undertaking of Central / State Governments, the AD Category I bank shall ensure that the requirement of bank guarantee has been specifically waived by the Ministry of Finance, Government of India for advance remittances exceeding USD100,000.
- v). Physical import of goods into India is made within six months (three years in case of capital goods) from the date of remittance and the importer gives an undertaking to furnish

documentary evidence of import within fifteen days from the close of the relevant period. It is clarified that where advance is paid as milestone payments, the date of last remittance made in terms of the contract will be reckoned for the purpose of submission of documentary evidence of import.

vi). Prior to making the remittance, the AD Category – I bank may ensure that the requisite approval of the Ministry of Civil Aviation / DGCA / other agencies in terms of the extant Foreign Trade Policy has been obtained by the company, for import.

vii). In the event of non-import of aircraft and aviation sector related products, AD Category - I bank should ensure that the amount of advance remittance is immediately repatriated to India.

Prior approval of the concerned Regional Office of the Reserve Bank will be required in case of any deviation from the above stipulations.

4. Interest on Import Bills

(i) AD – Category – I bank may allow payment of interest on usance bills or overdue interest for a period of less than three years from the date of shipment at the prescribed rates. The current all-in-cost ceilings are as under:

Maturity period	All-in-cost ceilings over 6 months LIBOR*
Up to one year	75 basis points
More than one year but less than three years	125 basis points

- * for the respective currency of credit or applicable benchmark.
- (ii) In case of pre-payment of usance import bills, remittances may be made only after reducing the proportionate interest for the unexpired portion of usance at the rate at which interest has been claimed or LIBOR of the currency in which the goods have been invoiced, whichever is applicable. Where interest is not separately claimed or expressly indicated, remittances may be

	allowed after deducting the proportionate interest for the unexpired portion of usance at the prevailing LIBOR of the currency of invoice.
5. Remittances against Replacement Imports	Where goods are short-supplied, damaged, short-landed or lost in transit and the Exchange Control copy of the import licence has already been utilised to cover the opening of a letter of credit against the original goods which have been lost, the original endorsement to the extent of the value of the lost goods may be cancelled by the AD Category – I bank and fresh remittance for replacement imports may be permitted without reference to Reserve Bank, provided the insurance claim relating to the lost goods has been settled in favour of the importer. It may be ensured that the consignment being replaced is shipped within the validity period of the licence.
6. Guarantee for Replacement Import	In case replacement goods for defective import are being sent by the overseas supplier before the defective goods imported earlier are reshipped out of India, AD Category – I banks may issue guarantees at the request of importer client for dispatch/return of the defective goods, according to their commercial judgment.
7. Import of Equipment by Business Process Outsourcing (BPO) Companies for their overseas sites	AD Category – I bank may, allow BPO companies in India to make remittances towards the cost of equipment to be imported and installed at their overseas sites in connection with the setting up of their International Call Centres (ICCs) subject to the following conditions: (a) The BPO company should have obtained necessary approval from the Ministry of Communications and Information Technology, Government of India and other authorities concerned for setting up of the ICC. (b) The remittance should be allowed based on the AD Category

- I banks' commercial judgment, the bonafides of the transactions and strictly in terms of the contract.
- (c) The remittance is made directly to the account of the overseas supplier.
- (d) The AD Category I banks should also obtain a certificate as evidence of import from the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or auditor of the importer company that the goods for which remittance was made have actually been imported and installed at overseas sites.

0	Descint of Import Bills/Decuments					
8.	Receipt of Import Bills/Documents					
8 a. Receipt of import documents	Import bills and documents should be received from the banker					
by the importer	of the supplier by the banker of the importer in India. AD					
directly from overseas suppliers	Category - I bank should not, therefore, make remittances					
	where import bills have been received directly by the importers					
	from the overseas supplier, except in the following cases:					
	i. Where the value of import bill does not exceed USD 100,000.					
	ii. Import bills received by wholly-owned Indian subsidiaries of					
	foreign companies from their principals.					
	iii. Import bills received by Status Holder Exporters as defined in					
	the Foreign Trade Policy, 100% Export Oriented Units / Units in					
	Free Trade Zones, Public Sector Undertakings and Limited					
	Companies.					
	iv. Import bills received by all limited companies viz. public					
	limited, deemed public limited and private limited companies.					
Oh Bassint of	As a sector cresific massaure AD Cotogon. I hanks are					
8 b. Receipt of import documents	As a sector specific measure, AD Category - I banks are					
by the importer	permitted to allow remittance for imports up to USD 300,000					
directly from overseas suppliers in case of specified sectors	where the importer of rough diamonds, rough precious and					
	semi-precious stones has received the import bills / documents					
	directly from the overseas supplier and the documentary					
	evidence for import is submitted by the importer at the time of					
	remittance. AD Category - I banks may undertake such					
	transactions subject to the following conditions:					
	(i) The import would be subject to the prevailing Foreign Trade					
	Policy.					
	(ii) The transactions are based on their commercial judgment					
	and they are satisfied about the bonafides of the transactions.					
	(iii) AD Category - I banks should do the KYC and due diligence					
	exercise and should be fully satisfied about the financial					
	standing / status and track record of the importer customer.					
	Before extending the facility, they should also obtain a report on					
	each individual overseas supplier from the overseas banker or					

	reputed credit rating agency overseas.						
8 c. Receipt of	(i) At the request of importer clients, AD Category – I bank may						
import documents	receive bills directly from the overseas supplier as above,						
by the AD Category – I bank directly	provided the AD Category – I bank is fully satisfied about the						
from overseas	financial standing/status and track record of the importer						
suppliers	customer.						
	(ii) Before extending the facility, the AD Category – I bank						
	should obtain a report on each individual overseas supplier from						
	the overseas banker or a reputed credit agency. However, such						
	credit report on the overseas supplier need not be obtained in						
	cases where the invoice value does not exceed USD 100,000						
	provided the AD Category - I bank is satisfied about the						
	bonafides of the transaction and track record of the importer						
	constituent.						
9.	Evidence of Import						
9 a. Physical	(i). In case of all imports, where value of foreign exchange						
9 a. Physical Imports	(i). In case of all imports, where value of foreign exchange remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its						
_							
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits :-						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits :- a). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for home						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits :- a). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for home consumption,						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits :- a). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for home consumption, or b). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits :- a). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for home consumption, or b). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for warehousing, in case of 100% Export Oriented Units,						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits :- a). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for home consumption, or b). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for warehousing, in case of 100% Export Oriented Units, or						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits:- a). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for home consumption, or b). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for warehousing, in case of 100% Export Oriented Units, or c). Customs Assessment Certificate or Postal Appraisal Form,						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits:- a). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for home consumption, or b). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for warehousing, in case of 100% Export Oriented Units, or c). Customs Assessment Certificate or Postal Appraisal Form, as declared by the importer to the Customs Authorities, where						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits:- a). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for home consumption, or b). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for warehousing, in case of 100% Export Oriented Units, or c). Customs Assessment Certificate or Postal Appraisal Form, as declared by the importer to the Customs Authorities, where import has been made by post, as evidence that the goods for						
_	remitted/paid for import into India exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent, it is obligatory on the part of the AD Category – I bank through whom the relative remittance was made, to ensure that the importer submits:- a). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for home consumption, or b). The Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for warehousing, in case of 100% Export Oriented Units, or c). Customs Assessment Certificate or Postal Appraisal Form, as declared by the importer to the Customs Authorities, where						

(ii) In respect of imports on D/A basis, AD Category – I bank should insist on production of evidence of import at the time of effecting remittance of import bill. However, if importers fail to produce documentary evidence due to genuine reasons such as non-arrival of consignment, delay in delivery/customs clearance of consignment, etc., AD bank may, if satisfied with the genuiness of request, allow reasonable time, not exceeding three months from the date of remittance, to the importer to submit the evidence of import.

9 b. Evidence of import in lieu of Bill of Entry

- (i) AD Category I bank may accept, in lieu of Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry for home consumption, a certificate from the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or auditor of the company that the goods for which remittance was made have actually been imported into India provided:-
- (a) the amount of foreign exchange remitted is less than USD 1,000,000 or its equivalent,
- (b) the importer is a company listed on a stock exchange in India and whose net worth is not less than Rs.100 crore as on the date of its last audited balance sheet,

or

the importer is a public sector company or an undertaking of the Government of India or its departments.

(ii) The above facility may also be extended to autonomous bodies, including scientific bodies/academic institutions, such as Indian Institute of Science / Indian Institute of Technology, etc. whose accounts are audited by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG). AD Category – I bank may insist on a declaration from the auditor/CEO of such institutions that their accounts are audited by CAG.

9 c. Non Physical Imports

(i) Where imports are made in non-physical form, i.e., software

or data through internet / datacom channels and drawings and designs through e-mail/fax, a certificate from a Chartered Accountant that the software / data / drawing/ design has been received by the importer, may be obtained.

(ii) AD Category – I bank should advise importers to keep

(ii) AD Category – I bank should advise importers to keep Customs Authorities informed of the imports made by them under this clause.

10. Issue of acknowledgement

AD Category – I bank should acknowledge receipt of evidence of import e.g. Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry, Postal Appraisal Form or Customs Assessment Certificate, etc., from importers by issuing acknowledgement slips containing all relevant particulars relating to the import transactions.

11 Verification and Preservation

- (i) Internal inspectors or auditors (including external auditors appointed by AD Category I bank) should carry out verification of the documents evidencing import, e.g. Exchange Control copies of Bills of Entry or Postal Appraisal Forms or Customs Assessment Certificates, etc.,
- (ii). Documents evidencing import into India should be preserved by AD Category I bank for a period of one year from the date of its verification. However, in respect of cases which are under investigation by investigating agencies, the documents may be destroyed only after obtaining clearance from the investigating agency concerned.

12. Follow up for Import Evidence

- (i) In case an importer does not furnish any documentary evidence of import, as required under paragraph 9 of Part III, within 3 months from the date of remittance involving foreign exchange exceeding USD100,000, the AD Category I bank should rigorously follow-up for the next 3 months, including issuing registered letters to the importer.
- (ii) AD Category I bank should forward a statement on halfyearly basis as at the end of June & December of every year, in

form BEF (Annex 1) furnishing details of import transactions, exceeding USD 100,000 in respect of which importers have defaulted in submission of appropriate document evidencing import within 6 months from the date of remittance, to the Regional Office of Reserve Bank under whose jurisdiction the AD Category – I bank is functioning, within 15 days from the close of the half-year to which the statement relates.

(iii) AD Category – I bank need not follow up submission of evidence of import involving amount of USD 100,000 or less provided they are satisfied about the genuineness of the transaction and the bonafides of the remitter. A suitable policy may be framed by the bank's Board of Directors and AD Category – I bank may set their own internal guidelines to deal with such cases.

13 Issue of Bank Guarantee

AD Category – I banks are permitted to issue guarantee on behalf of their importer customers in terms of Notification No. FEMA 8/2000-RB dated May 3, 2000, as amended from time to time.

14	Import of Gold / Platinum / Silver by Nominated Banks / Agencies				
	Agenoide				
14 a. Import on	Gold may be imported by the nominated agencies/banks on				
consignment basis	consignment basis where the ownership will remain with the				
	supplier and the importer (consignee) will be acting as an agent				
	of the supplier (consignor). Remittances towards the cost of				
	import shall be made as and when sales take place and in terms				
	of the provisions of agreement entered into between the				
	overseas supplier and nominated agency/bank. These				
	instructions would also apply to import of platinum and silver.				
14 b. Import on	The nominated agency/bank may import gold on outright				
unfixed price basis	purchase basis subject to the condition that although ownership				
	of the gold shall be passed on to the importer at the time of				
	import itself, the price of gold shall be fixed later, as and when				
	the importer sells the gold to the users. These instructions would				
	also apply to import of platinum and silver.				
15. Direct Import of	AD Category – I bank can open Letters of Credit and allow				
Gold	remittances on behalf of EOUs, units in SEZs in the Gem &				
	Jewellery sector and nominated agencies, for direct import of				
	gold, subject to the following				
	(a) The import of gold should be strictly in accordance with the				
	Foreign Trade Policy.				
	(b) Suppliers' and Buyers' Credit, including the usance period of				
	LCs opened for direct import of gold, should not exceed 90				
	days.				
	(c) Banker's prudence should be strictly exercised for all				
	transactions pertaining to import of gold. AD Category – I bank				
	should ensure that due diligence is undertaken and all Know				
	Your Customer (KYC) norms and the Anti-Money-Laundering				
	guidelines, issued by Reserve Bank from time to time are				
	adhered to while undertaking such transactions. AD Category –				
	danistica to willio andorrataing odorr transactions. Alb odiogory				

- I bank should closely monitor such transactions. Any large or abnormal increase in the volume of business of the importer should be closely examined to ensure that the transactions are bonafide trade transactions.
- (d) In addition to carrying out the normal due diligence exercise, the credentials of the supplier should also be ascertained before opening the LCs. The financial standing, line of business and the net worth of the importer customer should be commensurate with the volume of business turnover. Apart from the above, in case of such transactions banks should also make discreet enquiries from other banks to assess the actual position. Further, in order to establish audit trail of import/export transactions, all documents pertaining to such transactions must be preserved for at least five years.
- (e) AD Category I bank should follow up submission of the Bill of Entry by the importers as stipulated.
- (f) Head Offices/International Banking Divisions, of AD Category I bank undertaking gold import transactions are required to submit as per the format enclosed at Annex-3, a monthly statement thereof, to the Chief General Manager, Trade Division, Foreign Exchange Department, Amar Building, Central Office, Reserve Bank of India, Sir P.M. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400001.

16 Gold Loans

- (i) Nominated agencies / approved banks can import gold on loan basis for on lending to exporters of jewellery under this scheme.
- (ii) EOUs and units in SEZ who are in the Gem and Jewellery sector can import gold on loan basis for manufacturing and export of jewellery on their own account only.
- (iii) The maximum tenor of gold loan would be as per the Foreign Trade Policy 2004-2009, or as notified by the Government of India from time to time in this regard.

- (iv) AD bank may open Standby Letters of Credit (SBLC), for import of gold on loan basis, where ever required, as per FEDAI guidelines dated April 1, 2003. The tenor of the SBLC should be in line with the tenor of the gold loan.
- (v) SBLC can be opened only on behalf of entities permitted to import gold on loan basis, viz. nominated agencies and 100% EOUs/units in SEZ, which are in the Gem and Jewellery sector.
- (vi) SBLC should be in favour of internationally renowned bullion banks only. AD Category I bank can obtain a detailed list of internationally renowned bullion banks from the Gem & Jewellery Export Promotion Council.
- (vii) All other existing instructions on import of gold and opening of Letters of Credit, with usance period not exceeding 90 days, will continue to be applicable.
- (viii) AD Category I banks must maintain adequate documentation with them to uniquely link all imports with the SBLC issued for the import of gold on loan basis.

17 Import factoring

- (i) AD Category I bank may enter into arrangements with international factoring companies of repute, preferably members of Factors Chain International, without the approval of Reserve Bank.
- (ii) They will have to ensure compliance with the extant foreign exchange directions relating to imports, Foreign Trade Policy in force and any other guidelines/directives issued by Reserve Bank in this regard.

18. Merchanting Trade

- AD Category I bank may take necessary precautions in handling bonafides merchanting trade transactions or intermediary trade transactions to ensure that:
- (a) goods involved in the transactions are permitted to be imported into India, all rules, regulations and directions applicable to export (except Export Declaration Form) and import (except Bill of Entry) are complied with for the export leg and import leg, respectively.
- (b) The entire merchant trade transaction is completed within a period of 6 months.
- (c)The transactions do not involve foreign exchange outlay for a period exceeding three months.
- (d) Payment is received in time for the export leg.
- (e) Where the payment for export leg of the transaction *precedes* the payment for import leg, AD Category I banks should ensure that the terms of payment are such that the liability for the import leg of the transaction is extinguished by the payment received for the export leg of the transaction, without any delay.
- AD Category I banks may note that short-term credit either by way of suppliers' credit or buyers' credit is not available for merchanting trade or intermediary trade transactions.

PART IV

Annex (notifications and the forms for imports) Annex-1

BEF

(See paragraph B 12 (ii) of Part III of Master Circular)

Statement showing the details of remittances effected towards import in respect of which documentary evidence has not been received despite reminders

Name and address of AD branch	
Name of Controlling Office of AD branch	
Statement for the half-year ended	

NOTES:

- i. The statement should be submitted in duplicate, to the Regional Office of Reserve Bank under whose jurisdiction the AD branch is functioning.
- ii. Details of transactions where the amount of remittance exceeds USD 100,000 or its equivalent should only be included in the statement.
- iii. In cases where, at the time of advance remittance, purpose of remittance was as import and subsequently the exchange has been used for other purpose for which sale of exchange is permissible, and a document to the satisfaction of Authorised Dealer bank has been produced, such cases should not be treated as default and hence be excluded from the BEF statement.
- iv. Authorised Dealer bank may accept 'Into Bond Bill of Entry' as a provisional evidence of import into India. However, they may ensure submission of Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry for Home consumption within a reasonable period of time. Where EDI system has been implemented by customs and the importer receives only one copy of the "ex-Bond Bill of Entry" from the customs, Authorised Dealer bank may advise importer to submit a photocopy of the "ex-Bond Bill of Entry" for home consumption after clearance of the goods from the warehouse / bond, which may be duly verified by the Authorised Dealer bank and accepted as final evidence of import. Cases where 'Into Bond Bill of Entry' has been submitted need not be reported in BEF statement.

- v. The statement should include details of all remittances, exceeding USD 100,000 from India or payments from abroad in connection with imports, including advance payments, delayed payments, etc. irrespective of the source of funding (i.e. EEFC accounts/foreign currency accounts maintained in India and abroad, payments out of external commercial borrowings, foreign investments in the shares of importers etc.).
- vi. The cases reported in Part I of statement for the previous half-year should not be reported again in Part I of the statement for the current half-year.
- vii. In case no transaction is required to be reported, 'NIL' statement should be submitted.
- viii. Statement should be submitted within 15 days from the close of the half-year to which it relates.

Part I

Information regarding importers who have defaulted in submission of the documentary evidence of import

Sr.No.	Importer/ Exporter Code No.	Name and address of the Importer	licences,	Brief description of goods	Date of remittance/ payment	Currency and amount	Rupee equiva- lent	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
A . Imp	ort by part	ies other t	han Public	Sector Und	lertakings/Go	overnment	Departm	ents
1								
2								
3								
4								
Etc								
В.	B. Import by Public Sector Undertakings/Government Departments							
1								
2								

3				
4				
5				
Etc				

Part II

Information regarding subsequent receipt of documentary evidence of Import from importers whose names were reported in Part I of earlier BEF statement/s

Sr.No.	Name and	Period of the BEF	Date of	Amount o		Remarks	
	address of the importer	statement and serial No. of the transaction reported earlier in Part I of BEF statement	receipt	Currency & Amount	Rupee equivalent		
1	2	3	4	5		6	
A. Impo	• •	ies other than	Public \$	Sector Und	lertakings/G	overnment	
1							
2							
3							
4							
Etc							

B. Impo	B. Import by Public Sector Undertakings/Government Departments							

Note: The transactions reported in Part II of BEF statement of earlier half-year should not be repeated in Part II of the current half-year.

CERTIFICATE

- i. We certify that the particulars furnished above are true and correct as per our records.
- ii. We further certify that the statement includes all cases which are required to be reported under the prescribed procedure.
- iii. We undertake to continue to pursue the cases with the importers reported in Part I of the statement.

(Signature of the Authorised Official)

Stamp		
Name:		
Designation :		
Date:		
Place:		

Annex - 2

[A. P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 34 dated March 02, 2007]

{see paragraph B 2 of Part III of Master Circular}

Name of the AD Category – I Bank:

AD Code (14 digit):

Sr. No.	Name of the Company	Name of the Importer Entity and IEC No.	Amount of Advance Payment made without BG/Stand by LC	Whether document for evidence of import submitted
1	Diamond Trading Company Pvt.Ltd. UK			
2	RIO TINTO, UK			
3	BHP Billiton, Australia			
4	ENDIAMA E.P. Angola			
5	ALROSA, Russia			
6	GOKHARAN, Russia			

Signature of the authorised official of the bank:

Date:

Stamp:

Annex-3

[A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No.2 dated July 9, 2004] {see paragraph B 15 of Part III of Master Circular}

Statement of Gold Imported during the month ended.....

Name of the Bank:

Date of Statement:

		Number	of	Value of Gold Imported				
		Transactio						
		EOU/SE	Nom.	(USD milli	on)	(Rs.Cro	re)	
		Z	Agency/ Bank	EOU/SE Z	Nom. Agenc y	EOU/ SEZ	Nom. Agency Bank	
Gold	<u>d</u>							
(i)	Delivery							
	Against							
	Payment Basis							
(ii)	Suppliers'							
	Credit Basis							
(iii)	Consignment							
	Basis							
(iv)	Unfixed Price							
(17)								
	Basis							

Note: 1. Full details of transactions may be provided in cases where the number of transactions in respect of a single importer exceeds ten transactions in a month or the aggregate value of imports exceeds US Dollar 50 million.

2. Details of EOUs/Units in SEZ and Nominated Agencies should be given separately.

Annex- 4

Form A 1- Application for Transfer of Indian Rupees to the account of a Non-Resident Bank

(To be printed on Light Blue paper)	
No	A.D.Code
	Form
No Form A1	(To be filled by authorised dealer)
(For Import Payments only) No	Serial
Application for Transfer of	(for use of Reserve Bank of India) Amount
Indian Rupees to the Account Amount	remitted Currency
of a Non-resident Bank Rupees	Equivalent to
	(To be completed by authorised dealer)
I/We wish to transfer Rs	
from the account	(in words)
of	,
(Name and address of remitter) dealer with	(Name of the authorised
	to
whom remitter's account is kept)	— (Full title of the account of at
non-resident bank credited, stating country authorised dealer with	of residence) (Name of
for account	of
whom account is kept) beneficiary	(Name and address of the
in paymo	ent of imports into India, detailed
below: of the remittance)	

Details of goods imported or to be imported into India

Section A: Import Licence particulars

		Import Li	се	nce	Э			Date	e of Is	sue	Date	e of ex	kpiry	Face	Amount to		
Р	refi	Licence	Suffixes		Suffixes		Suffixes			Dat	Мо	Yea	Dat	Мо	Yea	value of	be
	Χ	No.						е	nth	r	е	nth	r	licence	endorsed		
1	2		1	2	3	4	5								(in Rs.)		
ı	_		ı	_	3	4	3								@		

@ Actual amount endorsed in rupees against each licence involved, should be stated under this column.

Note: If more than one licence is involved, particulars of all licences should be furnished. If the space is inadequate, separate statement may be attached. The amount utilised against each licence should invariably be indicated.

Section B: Import particulars

	nvoice D	etails		Qua	Descri	Harmoni	Country	Coun	Mod	Date of
No and date	Terms (c.i.f., f.o.b., c.&.f. etc.)	Cur ren cy	Amo unt	ntity of goo ds	ption of goods	sed System of Classific ation	of origin of goods	try from	e of ship ment (air, sea post, rail river, trans port port,	shipment (if not known approxi- mate date)
									etc.)	

Section C: Other particulars

bank.

 Details of forw purchase cont if any, booked 	ract,	(No.& date of	(Currency and	 (Balance
under	agaiiiot	(110101 0010 01	(Gaireney and	(20.01.00
the import		Contract)	Amount of	the
contract)		,		
,			Contract)	
2. If remittance to made is less the invoice value, therefor (i.e. premittance,ins etc.)	nan reasons art			
			made by me/us on the authorisation through	

I/We declare and also understand that the foreign exchange to be acquired by me/us pursuant to this application shall be used by me/us only for the purpose for which it is acquired and that the conditions subject to which the exchange is granted will be complied with.

	(Signature of Applicant/Authorised Official)
	Name and Address of Applicant
Stamp	Importer's Code Number
	@ Nationality
Date:	@ To be filled in capital letters

NOTE: For remittances covering intermediary trade, form A2 should be used.

Declaration to be furnished by Applicant

(a) the import licence/s against has/have not been cancelled	which the remittance is sought is/are valid and by DGFT.
(b) the goods to which this applion my/our own account*	ication relates <u>have been</u> * imported into India will be *
(c) the import is on behalf of @ (d) the invoice value of the good of the goods imported * into in India to be imported*	* and s which is declared on this form is the real value
Bill of Entry *	Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of ost parcel wrapper (for imports by post)*/Courier (for imports through courier)*
dealer the relative import is Customs-stamped Exc to be Post parcel wrapper (finade * Strike out item not applicable @ Where the import is on be or a company owned by (final)	hange Control copy of Bill of Entry * or imports by post)*/Courier wrapper (for imports through Courier)* le ehalf of Central/State Government Department Central/State Government/Statutory Corporation, ne of the Government Department, Corporation
Date:	
(Signature of Applicant/Authorise	d Official)
•	nents of the authorised dealer on to Reserve Bank for approval, reference to

Exchange Control Manual paragraph/ A.D.Circular in terms of which the reference is made should invariably be cited. If any remittance application on account of the same import was referred to Reserve Bank earlier, reference to the last correspondence/approval should also be cited).

(Signature of Authorised Official)	
Name	

	Stamp	Designation Name and Address of								
Date:		Authorised dealer								
Certifica	te to be Furnished by Au	thorised Dealer Bank(Importer's Banker)								
We	hereby certify that									
(a)	this payment is									
Put a tick (✓)	(i) □ an advance remi	ttance								
in the us	 (ii) □ in retirement of bills under Letter of Credit opened through (iii) □ against documents received through our medium for 									
relevant block collection										
	against undertak Customs-stampe	cuments received direct by the applicant/s ing furnished by the latter to submit ed Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry of								
	(v) □ on account of do against CustomsEntry/post parce	ier wrapper within three months cuments received direct by the applicant/s -stamped Exchange Control copy of Bill of //courier wrapper (attached) submitted								
	by the latter (vi) □									
		any other case, to be explained)								
(b)	all the Exchange Control regulations applicable to the remittance have been complied with									
(c)	the payment to the supplier of the goods <u>has been*</u> made will be*									
	through									
	(Nan	ne & Address of the foreign bank)								

We also certify/undertake that the relevant Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry or post parcel/courier wrapper

- * shall be verified by us within three months [vide certificate (a)(ii) and (iii) above].
- * has been verified [vide certificate (a) (v) above].
- * shall be obtained from the applicant/s within three months [vide certificate (a) (i) and (iv) above].

	(Signature of Authorised Official)			
	Name			
Stamp	Designation			
	Name and Address of			
Date:	Authorised dealer			

^{*} Strike out item not applicable

(To be printed on White paper)	A.D.Code					
No	Form					
No Form A1	(To be filled by authorised dealer)					
(For Import Payments only)	Serial					
NoIndia) Application for Remittance in Foreign Currency	(for use of Reserve Bank of Amount					
Rupees	remitted Currency Amount Equivalent to					
•	(To be completed by authorised dealer)					
I/We wish to purchase						
(Name of cu	urrency) (Amount in words)					
for (Name and addres payment to	ss of the authorised dealer)					

(Name and address of the beneficiary of the remittance) in payment of imports into India, detailed below:

Details of goods imported or to be imported into India

Section A: Import Licence particulars

Import Licence				Date of Issue			Date of expiry			Face	Amount				
Pr	ef	Licence	Suffixes			Dat Mont Ye Dat Mont Ye		Ye	value of	to be					
ix		No.			е	h	ar	e h ar		licence	endorsed				
1	2		1	2	3	4	5								(in Rs.) @

@ Actual amount endorsed in rupees against each licence involved, should be stated under this column.

Note: If more than one licence is involved, particulars of all licences should be furnished. If the space is inadequate, separate statement may be attached. The amount utilised against each licence should invariably be indicated.

Section B: Import particulars

Invoice Details			Quant	Descrip	Harmoni	Countr	Coun	Mode	Date	
No	Ter	Curre	Amo	ity of	tion	sed	у	try	of	of
an	ms	ncy	unt	goods	of	System	of	from	shipm	shipm
d	(c.i.f				goods	of	origin	which	ent	ent
dat	-,					Classific	of	goo	(air,	(if not
е	f.o.b					ation	goods	ds	sea	know
	-,							are	post,	n
	c.&.f							con	rail	appro
								sign	river,	xi-
	etc.)							ed	transp	mate
									ort	date)
									port,	
									etc.)	

Section C: Other particulars

Details of purchase				
if any, boo under	oked against	(No.& date of	(Currency and	(Balance
the import	t	Contract	Amount of	the
contract)			Contract)	
therefor (i	ess than alue, reasons			
	•		nts made by me/us on the an authorisation through	
by me/us pur for which it is	suant to this a	application shand that the c	nat the foreign exchang ill be used by me/us onl onditions subject to wh	y for the purpose
			(Signature of Applican Official)	t/Authorised
			@ Name and Address	s of Applicant
5	Stamp		Importer's Code No	umber
1	1		@ Nationality	

NOTE: For remittances covering intermediary trade, form A2 should be used.

Date:....

@ To be filled in capital letters

Declaration to be furnished by Applicant

I/We declare that

(e)	the import licence/s against which the remittance is sought is/are valid and has/have not been cancelled by DGFT.
(f)	the goods to which this application relates have been * imported into India on my/our own account* will be *
(g)	the import is on behalf of @* and
(h)	the invoice value of the goods which is declared on this form is the real value of the goods <u>imported</u> * into in India. to be imported*
	le I/We attach the relative Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of
Imp	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	apper been (for imports through courier)*
ma	or
	ler the relative ort is Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry * Post parcel wrapper (for imports by post)*/Courier wrapper
*	Strike out item not applicable
a co	Where the import is on behalf of Central/State Government Department or ompany owned by Central/State Government/Statutory Corporation, Local Body, the name of the Government Department, Corporation etc. should be stated.
Dat	e:(Signature of Applicant/Authorised Official)

Space for comments of the authorised dealer

(While forwarding the application to Reserve Bank for approval, reference to Exchange Control Manual paragraph/ A.D.Circular in terms of which the reference is made should invariably be cited. If any remittance application on account of the same import was referred to Reserve Bank earlier, reference to the last correspondence/approval should also be cited).

Date:	[(Signature of Authorised Official) Name Designation Name and Address of Authorised dealer
Certificate	e to b	e F	urnished by Authorised Dealer (Importer's Banker)
We	here	by c	certify that
(a)	this	pay	ment is
Put a tick (✔)	(i)		an advance remittance
in the us relevant	(ii)		in retirement of bills under Letter of Credit opened through
block collection	(iii)		against documents received through our medium for
CONSCION	(iv)		on account of documents received direct by the applicant/s against undertaking furnished by the latter to submit Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry of Post Parcel/courier wrapper within three months
	(v)		on account of documents received direct by the applicant/s against Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry/post parcel/courier wrapper (attached) submitted by the latter
	(vi)		

(any other case, to be explained)

(b)	all the Exchange Control re have been complied with	egulations applicable to the remittance
(d)	the payment to the supplier	r of the goods <u>has been*</u> made will be*
	through	
	(Name	e & Address of the foreign bank)
	ertify/undertake that the rele	evant Customs-stamped Exchange Control ier wrapper
* shall be	e verified by us within three r [vide certificate (a)(ii) and	
	en verified [vide certificate (a	n) (v) above].
* shall be	e obtained from the applicant [vide certificate (a) (i) and	
		(Signature of Authorised Official)
		Name
	Stamp	Designation
		Name and Address of
Date:		Authorised dealer
t Ctriles of	ut itam not applicable	

^{*} Strike out item not applicable

Form A1-Application for payments through Asian Clearing Union (To be printed on Light Yellow paper) A.D.Code Form (To be filled by authorised dealer) Form A1 (For Import Payments only) Serial No._____ (for use of Reserve Bank of India) **Application for Payment** Amount _____ through Asian Clearing Union remitted Currency Amount Equivalent to Rupees (To be completed by authorised dealer) I/We wish to remit through ASIAN CLEARING UNION (Name of currency) _____through for (Amount in words) (Name and address of the designated bank in India) payment to______ in payment of imports (Name and address of the beneficiary of remittance)

into India, detailed below:

Details of goods imported or to be imported into India

Section A: Import Licence particulars

		Import Li	се	nce	Э			Date	e of Is	sue	Date	e of ex	kpiry	Face	Amount to
Р	refi	Licence		Su	ıffix	œs		Dat	Мо	Yea	Dat	Мо	Yea	value of	be
	Χ	No.		i		е	nth	r	е	nth	r	licence	endorsed		
1	2		1	2	3	4	5								(in Rs.)
ı	_		ı	_	3	4	3								@

[@] Actual amount endorsed in rupees against each licence involved, should be stated under this column.

Note: If more than one licence is involved, particulars of all licences should be furnished. If the space is inadequate, a separate statement may be attached. The amount utilised against each licence should invariably be indicated.

Section B: Import particulars

	Invoice Details		Quantity	Desc	Harmoni	Country	Cou	Mode	Date	
No	Ter	Curre	Amo	of	riptio	sed	of origin	ntry	of	of
an	ms	ncy	unt	goods	n	System	of	from	shipm	ship
d	(c.i.f				of	of	goods	whic	ent	ment
dat	-,				good	Classific		h	(air,	(if
е	f.o.b				S	ation		goo	sea	not
	-,							ds	post,	know
	c.&.f							are	rail	n
								con	river,	appr
	etc.)							sig	transp	oxi-
								ned	ort	mate
									port,	date)
									etc.)	

Section C: Other particulars

Details of forward purchase contract,			
if any, booked against	(No.& date of	(Currency and	(Balance
under	•		
the import	Contract)	Amount of	the
contract)			
		Contract)	
2. If remittance to be made is less than invoice value, reasons therefor (i.e. part remittance,instalment etc.)			

I/We hereby declare that the statements made by me/us on this form are true and that I/we have not applied for an authorisation through any other bank.

I/We declare and also understand that the payments to be made by me/us, through ASIAN CLEARING UNION pursuant to this application shall be used by me/us only for the purpose stated above and that the conditions subject to which the permission is granted will be complied with.

	(Signature of Applicant/Authorised Official)
	@ Name and Address of Applicant
Stamp	Importer's Code Number
	@ Nationality
Date:	@ To be filled in capital letters

NOTE: For remittances covering intermediary trade, form A2 should be used.

Declaration to be furnished by Applicant

I/We declare that
(i) the import lice

I/VV	e declare that
(i)	the import licence/s against which the remittance is sought is/are valid and has/have not been cancelled by DGFT.
(j)	the goods to which this application relates have been * imported into India on my/our own account* will be *
(k) (l)	the import is on behalf of @* and the invoice value of the goods which is declared on this form is the real value of the goods imported *into in India. to be imported*
	e I/We attach the relative <u>Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of</u>
Imp	of Entry * Post parcel wrapper (for imports by post)*/Courier apper
has	been (for imports through courier)*
mad	or or
dea	ler the relative ort is Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry *
to b	Post parcel wrapper (for imports by post)*/Courier wrapper
	* Strike out item not applicable @ Where the import is on behalf of Central/State Government Department or a company owned by Central/State Government/Statutory Corporation, Local Body, etc. the name of the Government Department, Corporation etc. should be stated.
Dat	e:
Offi	(Signature of Applicant/Authorised cial)

Space for comments of the authorised dealer

(While forwarding the application to Reserve Bank for approval, reference to Exchange Control Manual paragraph/ A.D.Circular in terms of which the reference is made should invariably be cited. If any remittance application on account of the same import was referred to Reserve Bank earlier, reference to the last correspondence/approval should also be cited).

		(Signature of Authorised Official)
		Name
	Stamp	Designation
		Name and Address of
Date:		Authorised dealer

Certificate to be Furnished by Authorised Dealer (Importer's Banker) We hereby certify that this payment is Put a (i) an advance remittance tick (✓) in the (ii) □ in retirement of bills under Letter of Credit opened through us relevant (iii) □ against documents received through our medium for block collection (iv) □ on account of documents received direct by the applicant/s against undertaking furnished by the latter to submit Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry of Post Parcel/courier wrapper within three months (v) □ on account of documents received direct by the applicant/s against Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry/post parcel/courier wrapper (attached) submitted by the latter (vi) □ (any other case, to be explained) (b) all the Exchange Control regulations applicable to the remittance have been complied with the payment to the supplier of the goods has been* made will be* through_ (Name & Address of the foreign bank)

We also certify/undertake that the relevant Customs-stamped Exchange Control copy of Bill of Entry or post parcel/courier wrapper

- * shall be verified by us within three months [vide certificate (a)(ii) and (iii) above].
- * has been verified [vide certificate (a) (v) above].
- * shall be obtained from the applicant/s within three months [vide certificate (a) (i) and (iv) above].

	(Signature of Authorised Official)
	Name
Stamp	Designation
	Name and Address of
Date:	Authorised dealer

^{*} Strike out item not applicable

Annex-5

Foreign Exchange Management (Current Account Transactions) Rules, 2000

Notification No. G.S.R.381(E) dated 3rd May 2000 (as amended from time to time)*: In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 and sub-section (1) and clause (a) of sub-section (2) of Section 46 of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, and in consultation with the Reserve Bank, the Central Government having considered it necessary in the public interest, makes the following rules, namely:--

- **1. Short title and commencement**.---(1) These rules may be called the Foreign Exchange Management (Current Account Transactions) Rules, 2000;
- (2) They shall come into effect on the 1st day of June 2000.

2. Definitions.---In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires :

- (a) "Act" means the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999);
- (b) "Drawal" means drawal of foreign exchange from an authorised person and includes opening of Letter of Credit or use of International Credit Card or International Debit Card or ATM Card or any other thing by whatever name called which has the effect of creating foreign exchange liability;
- (c) "Schedule" means a schedule appended to these rules;
- (d) The words and expressions not defined in these rules but defined in the Act shall have the same meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.
- **3. Prohibition on drawal of Foreign Exchange**---Drawal of foreign exchange by any person for the following purpose is prohibited, namely:
 - a. a transaction specified in the Schedule I; or
 - b. a travel to Nepal and/or Bhutan; or
 - c. a transaction with a person resident in Nepal or Bhutan.

Provided that the prohibition in clause (c) may be exempted by RBI subject to such terms and conditions as it may consider necessary to stipulate by special or general order.

4. Prior approval of Govt. of India.---No person shall draw foreign exchange for a transaction included in the Schedule II without prior approval of the Government of India;

Provided that this Rule shall not apply where the payment is made out of funds held in Resident Foreign Currency (RFC) Account of the remitter.

5. Prior approval of Reserve Bank

No person shall draw foreign exchange for a transaction included in the Schedule III without prior approval of the Reserve Bank;

Provided that this Rule shall not apply where the payment is made out of funds held in Resident Foreign Currency (RFC) Account of the remitter.

- **6.** (1) Nothing contained in Rule 4 or Rule 5 shall apply to drawal made out of funds held in Exchange Earners' Foreign Currency (EEFC) account of the remitter.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), restrictions imposed under rule 4 or rule 5 shall continue to apply where the drawal of foreign exchange from the Exchange Earners Foreign Currency (EEFC) Account is for the purpose specified in items 10 and 11 of Schedule II, or item 3, 4, 11, 16 & 17 of Schedule III as the case may be.

7. Use of International Credit Card while outside India

Nothing contained in Rule 5 shall apply to the use of International Credit Card for making payment by a person towards meeting expenses while such person is on a visit outside India.

Schedule I Transactions which are Prohibited (see rule 3)

- 1. Remittance out of lottery winnings.
- 2. Remittance of income from racing/riding etc. or any other hobby.
- 3. Remittance for purchase of lottery tickets, banned/proscribed magazines, football pools, sweepstakes, etc.
- Payment of commission on exports made towards equity investment in Joint Ventures/ Wholly Owned Subsidiaries abroad of Indian companies.
- 5. Remittance of dividend by any company to which the requirement of dividend balancing is applicable.
- Payment of commission on exports under Rupee State Credit Route, except commission upto 10% of invoice value of exports of tea and tobacco.
- 7. Payment related to "Call Back Services" of telephones.
- 8. Remittance of interest income on funds held in Non-Resident Special Rupee (Account) Scheme.

Schedule II Transactions which require prior approval of the Central Government

(see Rule 4)

Purpose of Remittance	Ministry/Department of Govt. of India whose approval is required
1. Cultural Tours	Ministry of Human Resources Development, (Department of Education and Culture)
2. Advertisement in foreign print media for the purposes other than promotion of tourism, foreign investments and international bidding (exceeding USD 10,000) by a State Government and its Public Sector Undertakings	Ministry of Finance, (Department of Economic Affairs)
3. Remittance of freight of vessel chartered by a PSU	Ministry of Surface Transport, (Chartering Wing)
4. Payment of import by a Govt. Department or a PSU on c.i.f. basis (i.e. other than f.o.b. and f.a.s. basis)	Ministry of Surface Transport, (Chartering Wing)
5. Multi-modal transport operators making remittance to their agents abroad	Registration Certificate from the Director General of Shipping
6. Remittance of hiring charges of transponders by	
(a) TV Channels	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting
(b) Internet Service providers	Ministry of Communication and Information Technology
7. Remittance of container detention charges exceeding the rate prescribed by Director General of Shipping	Ministry of Surface Transport (Director General of Shipping)
8. Remittances under technical collaboration agreements where payment of royalty exceeds 5% on local sales and 8% on exports and lump-sum payment exceeds USD 2 million	Ministry of Commerce and Industry
9. Remittance of prize money/sponsorship of sports activity abroad by a person other than International / National / State Level	Ministry of Human Resources Development (Department of Youth Affairs and Sports)

sports bodies, if the amount involved exceeds USD 100,000.	
10. Omitted	
11. Remittance for membership of P&I Club	Ministry of Finance, (Insurance Division)

Schedule III (See Rule 5)

- Omitted
- 2. Release of exchange exceeding USD 10,000 or its equivalent in one calendar year, for one or more private visits to any country (except Nepal and Bhutan).
- 3. @Gift remittance exceeding USD 5,000 per remitter/donor per annum.
- 4. # Donation exceeding USD 5000 per remitter/donor per annum.
- 5. Exchange facilities exceeding USD 100,000 for persons going abroad for employment.
- 6. Exchange facilities for emigration exceeding USD 100,000 or amount prescribed by country of emigration.
- 7. Remittance for maintenance of close relatives abroad.
 - exceeding net salary (after deduction of taxes, contribution to provident fund and other deductions) of a person who is resident but not permanently resident in India and –
 - (a) is a citizen of a foreign State other than Pakistan; or
 - (b) is a citizen of India, who is on deputation to the office or branch or subsidiary or joint venture in India of such foreign company.
 - ii. exceeding USD 100,000 per year, per recipient, in all other cases.

Explanation: For the purpose of this item, a person resident in India on account of his employment or deputation of a specified duration (irrespective of length thereof) or for a specific job or assignment; the duration of which does not exceed three years, is a resident but not permanently resident.

- 8. Release of foreign exchange, exceeding USD 25,000 to a person, irrespective of period of stay, for business travel, or attending a conference or specialised training or for maintenance expenses of a patient going abroad for medical treatment or check-up abroad, or for accompanying as attendant to a patient going abroad for medical treatment/check-up.
- 9. Release of exchange for meeting expenses for medical treatment abroad exceeding the estimate from the doctor in India or hospital/doctor abroad.
- 10. Release of exchange for studies abroad exceeding the estimate from the institution abroad or USD 100,000, per academic year, whichever is higher.
- 11. Commission, per transaction, to agents abroad for sale of residential flats or commercial plots in India exceeding USD 25,000 or 5% of the inward remittance whichever is more.
- 12. Omitted
- 13. Omitted
- Omitted
- 15.\$ Remittance exceeding USD 1,000,000 per project, for any consultancy service procured from outside India.
- 16. Omitted
- 17. * Remittance exceeding USD 100,000 by an entity in India by way of reimbursement of pre-incorporation expenses.
- 18. Omitted

(Amendments)

(Notification GSR.663 (E) dated August 17, 2000, S.O.301(E) dated March 30, 2001, GSR.831(E) dated December 20, 2002, GSR.33(E) dated January 16, 2003, GSR.397(E) dated May 14, 2003, GSR.731(E) dated September 11, 2003, GSR.849 (E) dated October 29, 2003, GSR.608(E) dated September 13, 2004, G.S.R.512(E) dated July 28,2005 and G.S.R.412(E) dated July 11, 2006.

Please Note:

- @ Stands amended vide our A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 24 dated December 20,2006.
- # Stands amended vide our A.P.(DIR Series) Circular Nos. 24 and 45 dated December 20,2006 and April 30,2007, respectively.
- \$ Stands amended vide our A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No. 46 dated April 30,2007.
- * Stands amended vide our A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No. 47 dated April 30,2007.

Necessary Gazette Notifications are being issued.

PART V

APPENDIX
List of all circulars consolidated in the Master Circular

Sr.No.	Circular No	Date
1.	A.D. (MA Series) Circular No. 15	May 31, 1993
2.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.4	August 27, 2001
3.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.5	August 27, 2001
4.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.6	September 24, 2001
5.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.9	October 25, 2001
6.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.10	November 1, 2001
7.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.20	January 28, 2002
8.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.30	March 26, 2002
9.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.34	April 1, 2002
10.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.35	April 1, 2002
11.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.38	April 12, 2002
12.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.53	June 27, 2002
13.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.54	June 29, 2002
14.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.2	July 4, 2002
15.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.10	August 14, 2002
16.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.11	August 14, 2002
17.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.12	August 28, 2002
18.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.21	September 16, 2002
19.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.28	October 3, 2002
20.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.33	October 23, 2002
21.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.34	October 31, 2002
22.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.41.	November 8, 2002

23.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.61	December 14, 2002
24.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.62	December 17, 2002
25.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.78	February 14, 2003
26.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.91	April 1, 2003
27.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.94	April 26, 2003
28.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.100	May 2, 2003
29.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.104	May 31, 2003
30.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.105	June 16, 2003
31.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.8	August 16, 2003
32.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.12	August 20, 2003
33.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.20	September 23,2003
34.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.22	September 24, 2003
35.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.26	October 3, 2003
36.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.30	October 21, 2003
37.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.32	October 28, 2003
38.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.40	December 5, 2003
39.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.61	January 31, 2004
40.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.68	February 11, 2004
41.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.73	February 20, 2004
42.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.94	June 7, 2004
43.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.96	June 15, 2004
44.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.97	June 21, 2004
45.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.9	September 1, 2004
46.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.10	September 13, 2004
47.	A.P.(DIR Series) Circular No.25	November 1, 2004
48.	A,P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 21	January 10, 2006
49.	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 31	April 21, 2006
50.	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 32	April 21, 2006
51	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 15	November 30,2006
52	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 18	December 4, 2006
52	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 26	January 8,2007
53	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 33	February 28,2007
54	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 34	March 2,2007
54	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 37	April 5,2007
55	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular no 63	May 25, 2007

56	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular no 77	June 29, 2007
57	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular no 18	November 7, 2007
58	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular no 37	April 16, 2008
59	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular no 49	June 3, 2008
60	A.P. (DIR Series) Circular no 50	June 3, 2008