

Definitions

In these guidelines, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Call Money" means deals in overnight funds.
2. "Notice Money" means deals in funds for 2 – 14 days.
3. "Term Money" means deals in funds for 15 days-1 year.
4. "Fortnight" shall be on a reporting Friday basis and would mean the period from Saturday to the second following Friday, both days inclusive.
5. "Bank" or "Banking company" means a banking company as defined in clause (c) of Section 5 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (10 of 1949) or "a corresponding new bank", "State Bank of India" or "subsidiary bank" as defined in clause (da), clause (nc) and clause (nd) respectively thereof and includes a "co-operative bank" as defined in clause (cci) of Section 5 read with Section 56 of the Act.
6. "Scheduled bank" means a bank included in the Second Schedule of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
7. "Primary Dealer (PD)" means a financial institution which holds a valid letter of authorisation as a PD issued by the Reserve Bank.
8. "Capital Funds" means the sum of Tier I and Tier II capital as disclosed in the latest audited balance sheet of the entity.
9. In terms of the RBI Act, 1934, NOF for PDs is calculated as (a) the aggregate of the paid-up equity capital and free reserves as disclosed in the latest balance-sheet of the company after deducting there from– (i) accumulated balance of loss; (ii) deferred revenue expenditure; and (iii) other intangible assets; and (b) further reduced by the amounts representing– (1) investments of such company in shares of– (i) its subsidiaries; (ii) companies in the same group; (iii) all other non-banking financial companies; and (2) the book value of debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances (including hire-purchase and lease finance) made to, and deposits with– (i) subsidiaries of such company; and (ii) companies in the same group, to the extent such amount exceeds ten per cent of (a) above.
